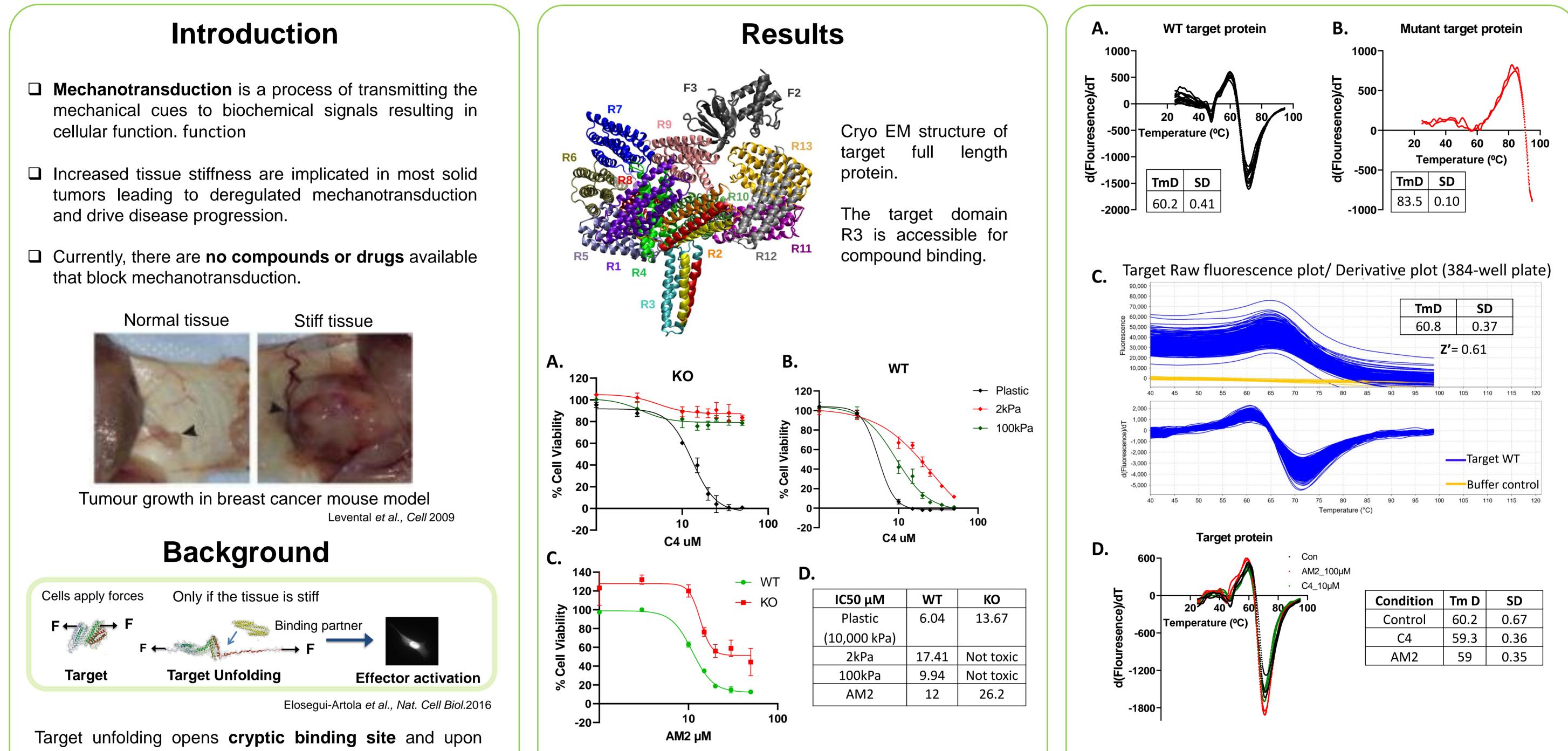
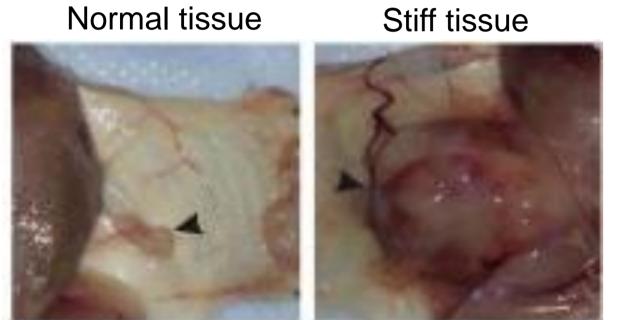
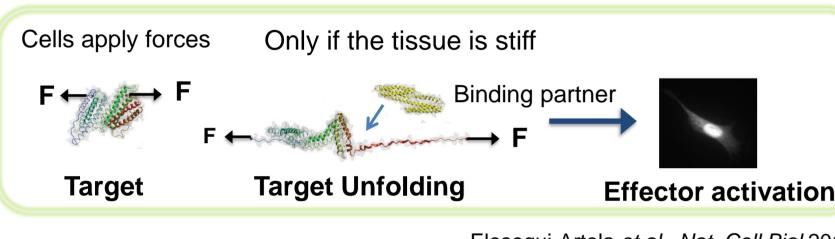


Inhibiting mechanotransduction as a novel approach for oncology therapy

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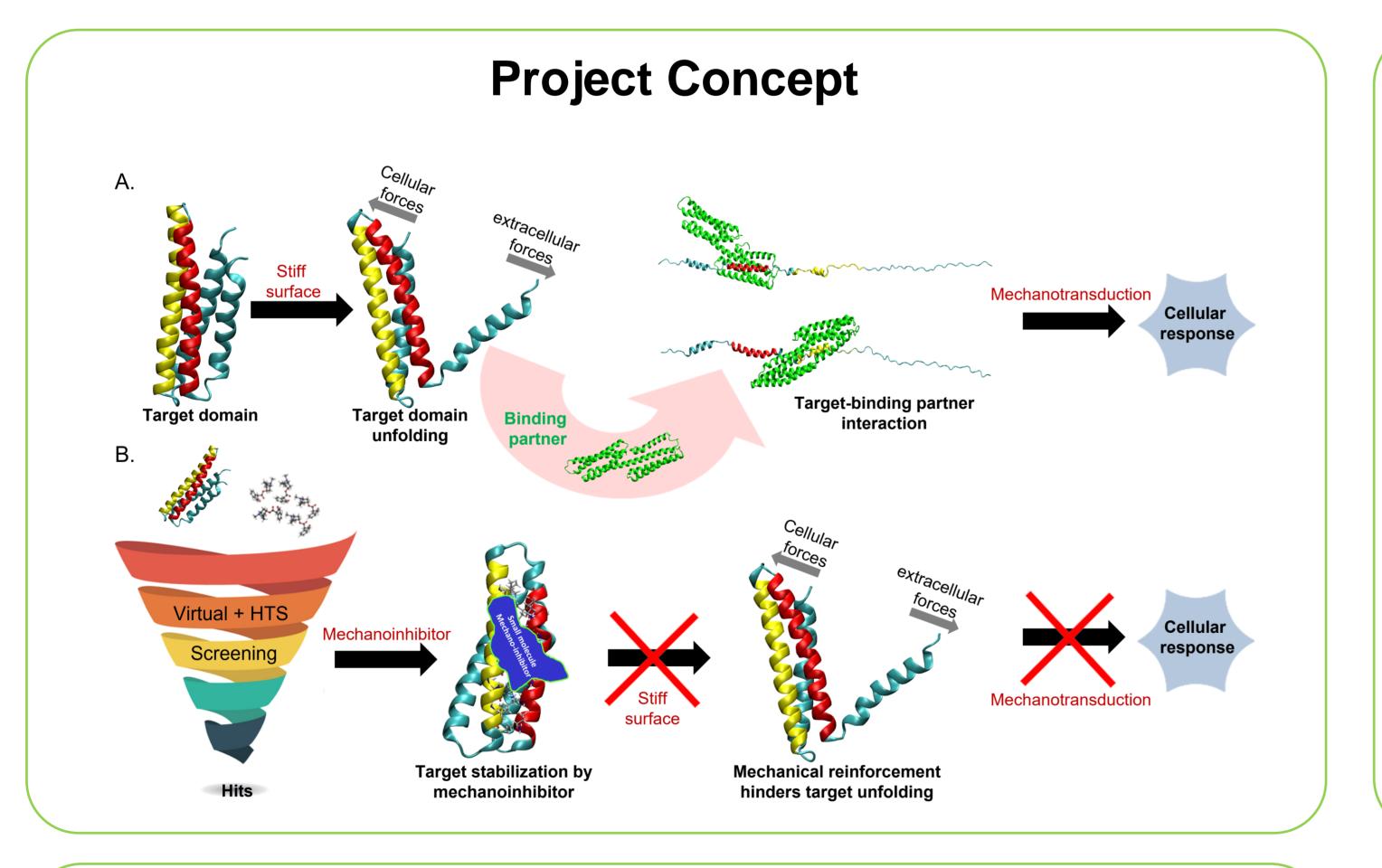
interaction with binding partner cascade of events occur in a process called mechanotransduction. This interaction results in nuclear localization of mechanosensitive transcription factor implicated in tumor progression of sevral cancer types.

Cytotoxicity assay: C4 compound tested in target WT (**B.**) and KO (**A.**) cell line under soft and stiff conditions. AM2 compound tested in target WT and KO (C.) cell line in plastic surface. **D.** Table with IC50 values for indicated conditions

Thermal shift assay: Melting profile of WT protein (A.) and mechanically stable mutant protein (**B**.).

(C.) 384-well plate data for WT protein depicting raw fluorescence (up) and derivative (down).

D. Melting profile of WT protein with and without compounds. *Inset table in each plot indicate mean Tm and std. deviation



Summary and outcome

Deliverables:

- First-in-class mechanoinhibitor
- Tool compound to study mechanobiology
- High potential for therapeutic applications in oncology and other pathologies

USP:

- Novel concept mechanics in oncology
- Promising virtual screening hits- first proof-of concept
- Potentially compatible with other treatments
- Wide market in oncology

Challenges:

- Interfere only with pathological pressures
- No comparable drugs for reference
- Currently, limited in funds

Future directions

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- 4. Elosegui-Artola, A. et al. Mechanical regulation of a molecular clutch defines force transmission and transduction in response to matrix rigidity. Nat. Cell Biol (2016).
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- □ Interested in collaboration with partners for chemical library and to conduct HTS for identification of mechanoinhibitors.
- Seeking funding opportunitings for HTS and future development of identified hit to lead molecule.



References

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